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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/436,522	11/09/1999	I-TEH SHA	0325.00278	6764
21363	7590 10/03/2002			
	PHER P. MAIORANA	EXAMINER		
SUITE 200	ATER MACK	YEH, EDITH M		
ST. CLAIR	SHORES, MI 48080		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2634	· · · ·
			DATE MAILED: 10/03/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

116

	•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	•			
Office Action Summary		09/436,522	SHA ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Edith M Yeh	2634	— ———			
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communication r Reply	n appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHO THE N - Exten after 3 - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RIMALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is on the may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by seply received by the Office later than three months after the rid patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may in. a reply within the statutory minimum of the reprised will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mostatute. Cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	09 November 1999 .					
2a)□	•	This action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for a	llowance except for formal m	atters, prosecution as to the merits	is			
Dispositi	closed in accordance with the practice ur on of Claims	nder <i>Ex par</i> te Q <i>uayle</i> , 1935 (C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
•—	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applic						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	hdrawn from consideration.	•				
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•				
•	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9,12-16,18 and 19</u> is/are rejected.						
	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10-11,17 and 20</u> is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a on Papers	and/or election requirement.					
• •	On Papers The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner					
,	The specification is objected to by the Exam The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐		the Examiner.				
10)	Applicant may not request that any objection						
11) 🗆 -	The proposed drawing correction filed on _						
	If approved, corrected drawings are required						
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	ne Examiner.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	ments have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action for	al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
14) 🗌 A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor	mestic priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional applica	tion).			
a 15)⊟ <i>i</i>)	e provisional application has mestic priority under 35 U.S.	been received. C. §§ 120 and/or 121.				
Attachmen	_						
2) Notice	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	(8) 5) Notice	ow Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	.•			

Art Unit: 2634

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

1. The abstract should be in narrative form. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The term "said command signal" in line 5 of the abstract is suggested to be changed to "the command signal".

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: On page 4 lines 4 and 15, the numeral 20 should be 22. On page 10 line 8, "input divider 144" should be "PLL 146". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C₁ 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 16 recites the limitation "the step of optimizing" in line 1-2 of this claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Add "the step of optimizing" in this claim or its parent claim 14 or 15 before reciting this limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

Art Unit: 2634

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

6. Claim 1-2, 4-5, 12-15, & 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Harding et al. (U.S. Patent 6292507 B1).

Claims 1, 13, &14, Harding et al. disclose a method and an apparatus (FIG.3 & FIG.4) comprising a circuit (FIG.3) to generate a clock signal (136 FIG.3) in response to (i) a reference signal (112 FIG.3), (ii) a sequence of spread spectrum ROM codes (156 FIG.3), and (iii) a command signal (182 FIG.4); and another circuit (190 FIG.4) to synchronize command signal (182 FIG.4) to a feedback signal (I2/I3 FIG.4). The sequence of spread spectrum ROM codes is generated according to a predetermined mathematical formula (column 1 lines 22-30, column 5, line 7-column 6 line 23 of U.S. Patent 5631920), and optimized in accordance with predetermined criteria (Abstract, profiles FIG.8, & FIG.9).

Claim 2, Harding et al. discloses a spread spectrum clock generator circuit (FIG.3) wherein the clock signal is spread spectrum modulated (136 FIG.3).

Claim 4, Harding et al. discloses the apparatus is used with a motherboard or CPU (column 1 lines 19-30, FIG.1 & column 2 lines 59-63 of U.S. Patent 5631920).

Art Unit: 2634

Claims 5 & 19, Harding et al. disclose a circuit to generate one or more control signals (194 & 192 FIG.3) in response to (i) the command signal (182 FIG.4), and (ii) the feedback signal (I2/I3 FIG.4) to synchronize the command signal to the feedback signal.

Claims 12, Harding et al. disclose a computer program simulating transient behavior of the apparatus to optimize the codes (column 20 lines 4-12).

Claim 15, Harding et al. disclose steps of selecting a number of ROM codes according to predetermined mathematical formula to generate a spread spectrum modulation signal (column 1 lines 19-29, column 5 line 12-column 6 line 24 of U.S. Patent 5631920).

Claims 18, Harding et al. disclose controlling a feedback divider (138 FIG.3) with the sequence of spread spectrum ROM codes (164 FIG.3).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hardin et al. (U.S. Patent 6292507 B1) in view of Sha U.S. 6377646).

Harding et al. fails to specify the predetermined minimum and maximum frequencies as criteria to optimize the spread spectrum ROM codes. However Sha teaches the criteria (column 2 lines 32-36). Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of

Art Unit: 2634

ordinary skill in the art to have the frequency criteria taught by Sha in Harding's Spread Spectrum Clock Generator to have frequency bound to reduce EMI.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3, 6-8, 10-11, 17, and 20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Double Patenting

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

10. Claims 1-8, and 12-13 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 and 12-13 of copending Application No. 09436155 respectively. Although the conflicting claims are not

Art Unit: 2634

identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because this application has broader

claims that can be read on the claims of Application No. 09436155.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting

claims have not in fact been patented.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Edith M Yeh whose telephone number is 7033053416. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on 7033054714. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 7038729314 for regular

communications and 7038729314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 7033054800.

Edith Yeh

September 30, 2002

STEPHEN CHIN

Page 6

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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